# ERG S.p.A. Ordinary and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting on 3/4 May 2016

### **Remuneration Report**

Pursuant to Article 123-ter of Legislative Decree no. 58 dated 24 February 1998



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#### Introduction

In accordance with Article 123-ter of the Consolidated Finance Act (CFA), the Report is composed of two sections.

#### I. Section one

The first section illustrates the 2016 Remuneration Policy and the procedures used for its adoption and implementation.

#### II. Section two

Section two provides, individually by name for the members of the Board of Directors, the Board of Statutory Auditors, as well as in aggregate form<sup>1</sup>, for Executives with strategic responsibilities, the following information:

- a) an adequate description of each of the items making up the remuneration, including the benefits envisaged in case of retirement from office or termination of the employment relationship, drawing attention to the consistency thereof with the 2015 Remuneration Policy.
- b) a detailed account of the fees paid in 2015, for whatsoever reason and in any form, by ERG and its subsidiaries or associated companies.

<sup>1</sup> Pursuant to the provisions of Table 7-bis of Annex 3A to the Issuers' Regulations, the fees will be illustrated for Executives with strategic responsibilities, naming those Executives who received during 2015 total compensation (obtained by summing the monetary fees and compensation based on financial instruments) that are higher than the highest total compensation assigned to the members of the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors in the same year.

#### **GLOSSARY**

In addition to the definitions set out in other articles, capitalised terms and expressions used in the Report have the meaning assigned to them herein. Said meaning shall be valid both for the singular and plural:

2012-2014 LTI System: 2012-2014 Medium/Long-Term Monetary Incentive System

**2015 Remuneration Policy or 2015 Policy**: ERG's Policy for the remuneration of members of the Board of Directors and Executives with strategic responsibilities for the year 2015

2015-2017 LTI System: 2015-2017 Medium/Long-Term Monetary Incentive System

**2016 Remuneration Policy or 2016 Policy**: ERG's Policy for the remuneration of members of the Board of Directors

and Executives with strategic responsibilities for the year 2016 **Board of Directors**: the Board of Directors of ERG S.p.A.

Board of Statutory Auditors: the Board of Statutory Auditors of ERG S.p.A.

CARCO: Chief Audit, Risk & Compliance Officer

CEO: Chief Executive Officer

CFA: Legislative Decree no. 58 dated 24 February 1998, as amended (Consolidated Finance Act)

CHCO: Chief Human Capital Officer

**Corporate Governance Code**: the current version (published in July 2015) of the Italian Corporate Governance Code for listed companies as promoted by Borsa Italiana S.p.A., which the Board of Directors resolved to comply with on 15 December 2015

**CRC**: Control and Risk Committee, a board committee comprising 3 non-executive directors, mostly independent, appointed by the Board of Directors in the meeting of 24 April 2015

**DCICRMS**: Director in Charge of the Internal Control and Risk Management System

**EDC**: Executive Deputy Chairman **ERG or the Company**: ERG S.p.A.

**EVA**: Economic Value Added, namely the "residual" economic value after all production factors have been remunerated, including the cost of capital employed

**Executives with strategic responsibilities or ESR**: parties that hold the functions/ offices indicated in Annex 1 to the ERG Group Procedure for Related Party Transactions currently in force (except for the members of the ERG S.p.A. Board of Directors and Board of Statutory Auditors) available on the Company's website (www.erg.eu) in the section "corporate governance/governance documents"

**IR**: Regulations implementing Legislative Decree no. 58 dated 24 February 1998, as amended (Issuers' Regulations) **MBO System**: Short-Term Monetary Incentive System

**NRC**: Nominations and Remuneration Committee, a board committee comprising 3 non-executive directors, mostly independent, appointed by the Board of Directors in the meeting of 24 April 2015

**Policy or Remuneration Policy**: the Policy for the remuneration of members of the Board of Directors and Executives with strategic responsibilities

**Procedure**: Procedure for Related Party Transactions, as adopted by the Board of Directors with resolution dated 11 November 2010, subject to the favourable opinion of the Control and Risk Committee and with the approval of the Board of Statutory Auditors, most recently updated on 12 May 2015

**Report**: Report on remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors and Executives with strategic responsibilities, approved by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2016

**Shareholders' Meeting:** Shareholders' Meeting of ERG S.p.A.

TSR: Total Shareholder Return, namely the overall return on investment for shareholders, which is calculated by summing the increase in the share's price over a specific time interval with the effect of dividends per share paid during the same period

# SECTION I: 2016 Remuneration Policy

#### 1. Evolution of Approach

In line with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code<sup>2</sup>, on 20 December 2011, the Board of Directors of ERG, upon a recommendation from the NRC<sup>3</sup>, adopted its own Remuneration Policy, effective from 2012. The Policy's structure was independently defined by ERG at the time, without using as reference remuneration policies pertaining to other companies.

The Policy underwent an initial revision by the Board of Directors, on a proposal from the NRC, on 18 December 2012, to take account of the powers assigned by the Board of Directors – appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting of 20 April 2012 – and the adoption of the 2012-2014 LTI System. For such purpose, ERG used the services of the consulting firm The European House – Ambrosetti.

As part of the said revision of the Policy, several remuneration policies of non-financial FTSE Mib index companies were used as reference, since these were considered most representative of Italian best practices, as well as a peer group of parties (comparable to ERG based on their size and operating in sectors where the ERG Group is active) proposed by the consulting firm The European House – Ambrosetti.

On 11 March 2015, the Policy was subject to a second revision by the Board of Directors, upon a recommendation from the NRC, to take account, effective from 2015, of the Company's acceptance of the version of the Corporate Governance Code in force at that time and the general principles of the 2015-2017 LTI System, with a view to ensuring greater alignment of management's interests to the priority goal of creating value for Shareholders over the medium/long-term, in keeping with the strategic guidelines of the ERG Group.

For such purpose, the Company used the services of the consulting firm The European House – Ambrosetti.

For the second revision of the Policy, in line with the previous actions, the Company used as reference some remuneration policies of non-financial FTSE Mib index companies, since these were considered most representative of Italian best practices, together with a peer group of parties comparable to ERG based on their size and operating in sectors where the ERG Group is active, again as proposed by the consulting firm The European House – Ambrosetti.

#### Changes deriving from acceptance of the Corporate Governance Code

In line with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code currently in force, which the Company has accepted, the Policy sets forth a clause expressly recognising the Company's right to request the return of variable remuneration (or to withhold deferred amounts) where said remuneration is found to have been disbursed based on data that was subsequently found to be clearly incorrect (clawback clause).

#### Changes deriving from the 2015-2017 LTI System

The main changes deriving from the 2015-2017 LTI System, developed according to a logic of continuity with respect to the 2012-2014 LTI System, include the introduction of a performance target linked to the trend in ERG's share during the three years of the reference period and the amount of dividends per share paid during the same period (Total Shareholder Return), in order to align the interests of the related beneficiaries with the interests of Shareholders, which is then added to the performance target expressed using the EVA (Economic Value Added) indicator, a parameter already used in the 2012-2014 LTI System.

The 2015-2017 LTI System was approved by the Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the NRC and having heard the favourable opinion of the Board of Statutory Auditors, on 11 March 2015 and subjected to the approval of the Shareholders' Meeting held on 24 April 2015 – which issued a favourable resolution to this effect – in consideration of the introduction of a performance objective connected to ERG's share. On 15 December 2015, the Board of Directors – in line with the 2015 Remuneration Policy and in view of the 2015-2018 Business Plan approved on said date – upon a proposal from the NRC and having heard the favourable opinion

<sup>2</sup> This refers to the version of the Corporate Governance Code published in December 2011.

<sup>3</sup> Further information regarding bodies and persons involved in the preparation and approval of the Policy and the NRC's composition, competences and working procedures is set out in the Report on Governance and Ownership drawn up pursuant to Article 123-bis of the Consolidated Finance Act (CFA).

of the Board of Statutory Directors, determined the conditions necessary to implement the 2015-2017 LTI System.

The Policy was updated, upon a proposal from the NRC on 22 March 2016, for the sole purpose of acknowledging the resolution of the Board of Directors dated 15 December 2015, which defined the conditions necessary to implement the 2015-2017 LTI System, in line with the said Policy and in view of the 2015-2018 Business Plan.

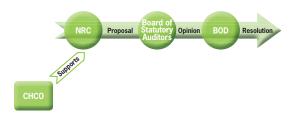
#### 2. Parties involved

In keeping with relevant legislative and regulatory provisions in force and the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code, the decisions behind the implementation of the 2016 Remuneration Policy and the responsibility for its correct application are the result of a joint process involving numerous parties:

 a) The Shareholders' Meeting, as regards the <u>Directors</u> <u>fees</u> and those of the Directors called upon to sit on the NRC or the CRC;

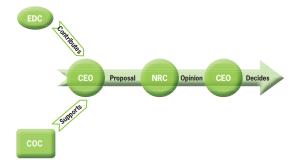


b) The Board of Directors, upon a recommendation from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO and having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, as regards the <u>remuneration</u> of <u>Executive Directors</u> or Directors holding specific offices as well as, if necessary, the directors called upon to sit on the Strategic Committee, where these are not employees of the Group and do not hold offices on the Board of Directors;



c) The Chief Executive Officer, jointly with the Executive Deputy Chairman and with the support of the CHCO,

having consulted the NRC, as regards the remuneration of Executives with strategic responsibilities<sup>4</sup>;



d) The Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the Director in charge of the internal control and risk management system, subject to the favourable opinion of the CRC and the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, for the <u>remuneration</u> of the <u>Chief Audit, Risk & Compliance Officer</u>, who is also an Executive with strategic responsibilities;



e) The Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the Chief Executive Officer, supported by the Executive Deputy Chairman, having consulted the NRC and the Board of Statutory Auditors, for the <u>remuneration</u> of the <u>Manager Responsible for preparing the Company's financial reports</u>, who is also an Executive with strategic responsibilities;



<sup>4</sup> Subject to the provisions of point (d) below for the Chief Audit Risk & Compliance Officer and point (e) for the Manager in charge of preparing company's financial reports

#### **Elements of the Remuneration Policy**

Component	Purposes and characteristics	Conditions for disbursement	Relative weight
Fixed remuneration	Assigns value to the responsibilities, skills and contribution required by the role. Remunerates activities performed in the event that the variable component is not disbursed. Ensures retention through continuous market benchmarking	Not subject to conditions	Differentiated based on the role covered, with the following ranges  • CEO, equal to 60% of Total Annual Remuneration  • Executives with strategic responsibilities, on average equal to 55% of Total Annual Remuneration
Short-term variable remuneration (MBO)	Aimed at the achievement of predetermined economic-financial and strategic targets that can be measured and are consistent with the budget.	Disbursement based on achievement of the targets for the year, broken down into  1 Group target with a minimum threshold of 50% and a maximum of 150%  additional targets (maximum of 3) to assign value to the business performance and the area of responsibility of the role, with a minimum threshold of 80% and a maximum of 120%	Target amounts differentiated based on the characteristics and functions of the role • Executives with strategic responsibilities, on average equal to 20% of Total Annual Remuneration*
Medium/long- term variable remuneration (LTI)	Aimed at improving performance in creating sustainable value for the Company and aligning the interests of management to those of Shareholders	Performance measured in terms of improvement in the EVA index and in TSR.	Target amounts differentiated based on the characteristics and functions of the role • CEO, equal to 40% of Total Annual Remuneration* • Executives with strategic responsibilities, on average equal to 25% of Total Annual Remuneration*
Non-monetary benefits	These supplement the remuneration package from a Total Reward point of view, primarily through pension and healthcare benefits	Conditions envisaged in the national collective labour agreement and supplementary company-level agreements	<ul> <li>Supplementary pension plans</li> <li>Supplementary healthcare benefits</li> <li>Insurance coverage</li> <li>Vehicle for business and personal use</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup> If the minimum performance is not achieved, no compensation is paid.

#### 2.1 Nominations and Remuneration Committee

The Nominations and Remuneration Committee comprises three non-executive directors, mostly independent, qualified as such pursuant to both the related provisions set forth by the CFA and those set forth by the Corporate Governance Code<sup>5</sup>, who have

adequate financial and remuneration policy experience<sup>6</sup>. The Committee meets at least on a quarterly basis. The Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors or another Statutory Auditor designated by him or, according to the matters being discussed, all members of the Board of Statutory Auditors take part in the Committee proceedings; in addition, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Executive Deputy Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer may also participate, by invitation, insofar as they are entitled to intervene on the matters being considered and to identify suitable interventions to address situations, even if potentially critical. No directors take part in the meetings of the NRC where proposals are made to the Board of Directors in connection with their

<sup>5</sup> It should be mentioned that the Committee Chairman, who is a non-executive director, was qualified by the Board of Directors of 24 April 2015 as an independent director pursuant to the CFA and also within the meaning of the Corporate Governance Code exclusively in consideration of his long term in office.

<sup>6</sup> Said features were also evaluated by the Board of Directors during the meeting of 24 April 2015.

own remuneration. Employees of ERG Group companies, representatives of the independent auditor and, in general, persons whose presence is deemed necessary or appropriate for the discussion of the agenda items may be invited to attend Committee

As regards the remuneration of members of the Board of Directors, the Committee:

- periodically assesses the adequacy, overall consistency and concrete application of the Remuneration Policy, reporting to the Board of Directors;
- submits recommendations or expresses opinions to the Board of Directors concerning the remuneration of Executive Directors or Directors holding specific offices as well as, if necessary, the remuneration of the Directors called upon to sit on the Strategic Committee, where the same are not employees of the Group and do not hold offices on the Board of Directors;
- submits proposals or expresses opinions to the Board of Directors on the setting of performance targets linked to the variable component of the medium/longterm incentive systems;
- monitors implementation of the decisions taken by the Board of Directors, verifying the actual achievement of the performance targets.

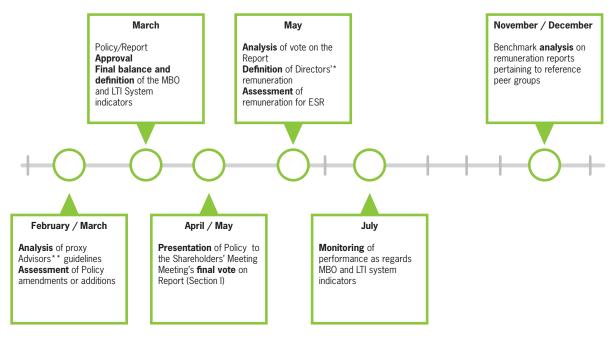
As regards the remuneration of Executives with strategic responsibilities, the Committee:

- periodically assesses the adequacy, overall consistency and concrete application of the Remuneration Policy;
- expresses opinions to the Chief Executive Officer on their remuneration;
- submits proposals or expresses opinions to the Chief Executive Officer on the setting of Group performance targets linked to the variable component of the shortterm incentive system;
- submits proposals or expresses opinions to the Board of Directors on the setting of performance targets linked to the variable component of the medium/longterm incentive systems;
- verifies the actual achievement of Group performance targets.

The Committee actively participates in defining the short and medium/long-term variable incentive systems. In particular, the Committee was actively involved in the process of preparation and subsequent adoption of the

process of preparation and subsequent adoption of the MBO System, the 2012-2014 LTI System and the 2015-2017 LTI System.

# Nominations and Remuneration Committee work programme and significant events concerning the Remuneration Policy



<sup>\*</sup> Executives or holders of particular offices

<sup>\*\*</sup>ISS and Glass Lewis, among others

#### 3. Structure of the 2016 Remuneration Policy

The 2016 Policy sets general guidelines for determining the remuneration of Board of Directors members and Executives with strategic responsibilities, in the course of their business, with a view to attracting, retaining and motivating highly qualified managers and aligning their interests to the pursuance of the priority objective of creating sustainable value for Shareholders over a medium/long-term horizon.

In the 2015-2018 Business Plan, the Company defined its policy for managing the risk associated with the targets given, whose achievement is linked to the portion of incentive comprising the 2015-2017 LTI System, which is an integral and essential part of the 2016 Policy. Where, in exceptional cases, the Board of Directors considers it necessary to deviate from the Policy previously approved and subjected to the vote of the shareholders' meeting, any decisions on the matter will be fully submitted to the Related Party Transactions Procedure and information on such decisions will be disclosed to the market, pursuant to regulations and the said Procedure.

The 2016 Policy is structured differently according to whether the remuneration in question is intended for Board Members or Executives with strategic responsibilities.

#### 3.1 Board of Directors

#### 3.1.1 Fees

The Shareholders' Meeting is called upon annually, on a proposal from the Shareholders, to pass resolution on the assignment of fixed annual compensation for all members of the Board of Directors.

The Shareholders' Meeting is also called upon annually, on a proposal from the Shareholders, to pass resolution on the assignment of additional fixed annual compensation for independent directors called upon to sit on the NRC or the CRC.



The Board of Directors recommends that these fees be consistent with the professional commitment required by the office, as well as with the related responsibilities. The Board of Directors also recommends that the fee proposals be presented by the Shareholders (where

appropriate, also pursuant to art. 126-bis of the CFA) in such a way as to allow disclosure to the public sufficiently in advance with respect to the Shareholders' Meeting called upon to approve them.

In this connection, it should be mentioned that starting from 2013 the main shareholder has submitted proposals in line with the above recommendations, which were therefore communicated to the public suitably in advance of the Shareholders' Meeting called upon to approve them.

#### 3.1.2 Remuneration

The remuneration paid to Executive Directors or Directors appointed to specific offices shall be suitable to attracting, retaining and motivating highly qualified individuals and aims at assigning a value to their skills, in line with the contribution required by the role.

#### Fixed component

The Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, approves the allocation of fixed annual remuneration to Executive Directors or Directors holding specific offices.

The Board of Directors, again on a proposal from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO and having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, may assign fixed annual remuneration to the Directors called upon to sit on the Strategic Committee, where these are not employees of the Group and do not hold offices on the Board of Directors. Their remuneration is thus not linked to the Company's business performance.



The Board of Directors may, in the Company's interest, provide for the fixed component to be established still using the same criteria but on a three-year basis.

The amount of the fixed annual remuneration is measured in proportion to the commitment required of each beneficiary for their respective offices, and is defined (based on the opinion of specialised consulting firms) through market benchmarking with listed

companies. The comparison is made considering, within the ambit of the reference stock market, firms that are similar in terms of their type, size and complexity and by comparing individual roles.

#### Variable component

The Board of Directors, on a proposal from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, approves the allocation of variable remuneration to the Chief Executive Officer in the form of a monetary incentive linked to the achievement of specific performance targets correlated to the creation of sustainable value over the medium/long-term, indicated in advance and determined based on the principles of the 2015-2017 LTI System. The beneficiaries do not include Executive Directors whose interests are deemed to be intrinsically aligned with the pursuit of the priority objective of creating value for all Shareholders. As at the approval date of this Report, the individuals in question are the Chairman and the Executive Deputy Chairman.

The target value is determined taking account of external salary benchmarks (relating to the long-term variable component of the salary) and the forecast value creation.

#### LTI 2015-2017 System

The objective of the 2015-2017 LTI System is to stimulate maximum alignment, in terms of objectives, between the related beneficiaries' interests and pursuit of the priority goal of sustainable value creation for Shareholders over the medium/long-term.

The performance indices concurrently applied for each plan beneficiary are the **Economic Value Added** – **meaning the cumulative**  $\Delta$ **EVA of the Group** – and the absolute Total Shareholder Return.

Economic Value Added is a performance target that represents the "residual" economic value after all production factors have been remunerated, including the cost of capital employed. Thus by expressing income net of the cost of capital, the EVA considers the equity and financial components alongside the income component. The ΔEVA represents the improvement with respect to the target, over the reference period, as regards the creation of value. From a methodological point of view, the cumulative ΔEVA is calculated as the sum of ΔEVAs pertaining to the year 2014: (EVA<sub>2015</sub> – EVA<sub>2014</sub>) + (EVA<sub>2016</sub> – EVA<sub>2014</sub>).

• Total Shareholder Return is a performance target linked to the performance of ERG's share in the reference three-year period and the amount of dividends per share paid in the same period. The opening reference price is the daily average of prices over a six-month period prior to 16 December 2015, the date of presentation of the 2015-2018 Business Plan to the market. The closing reference price is the daily average of prices over a three-month period prior to 15 February 2018 (15 November 2017 – 15 February 2018).

The performance indices are differentiated based on the role covered by the beneficiary within the ERG Group and in relation to the scenario of the 2015-2018 Business Plan<sup>7</sup> approved and disclosed to the financial community.

Objective	Weight	Level of achievement of Performance Indicator	Incentive Paid		
∆ EVA	60%	= Threshold Indicator	50% Target value		
ΔEVA	60%	≥ Outstanding Indicator	130% Target value		
TSR	40% -	= Threshold Indicator	50% Target value		
131	4070	≥ Outstanding Indicator	150% Target value		

The incentive strategy, namely the algorithm that links the EVA and TSR Peformance to the bonus accrued, is the following:

- below the Threshold Indicator, the bonus accrued is null:
- equivalent to the Threshold Indicator, the bonus accrued is equal to 50% of the Target Bonus (Threshold Bonus);
- equivalent to the Target Indicator, the bonus accrued is equal to the Target Bonus;
- for performance scenarios included between the Threshold and Target, the bonus accrued varies linearly;
- equivalent to the Outstanding Indicator, the bonus accrued is equal to 130% of the Target Bonus

<sup>7</sup> For the relative referenced period.

(Outstanding Bonus) for the component linked to EVA, while it is equal to 150% of the Target Bonus for the component linked to TSR;

 for performance scenarios included between Target and Outstanding Indicators, the bonus accrued varies linearly.

For each individual objective, the compensation recognised, in the event of going above the related outstanding performance indicator, will not exceed a predetermined cap.

For each individual objective, in the case of failure to achieve the related threshold indicator, no compensation will be recognised.

The entire compensation, where accrued, will be fully paid at the end of the 2015-2017 LTI System.



The System also envisages the following:

- clawback clause, namely, the Company has the right to exercise the option to request the partial or total return of the LTI compensation paid (or to withhold deferred amounts), within 3 years of its accrual, where the incentive is found to have been determined based on data that was subsequently deemed clearly incorrect;
- clauses that govern the consequences of termination of the mandate while the LTI System is in force<sup>8</sup>.

#### 3.1.2 Balancing remuneration

The balancing of fixed and variable remuneration components aims to align the interests of the related beneficiaries with the Company's medium/long-term strategic objectives and the sustainable creation of value for Shareholders in compliance with the ERG Group risk management policy.

The weight of the fixed component of the Chief Executive

8 Details are provided in the information document available to the public at the Company's registered office in Via De Marini 1, Genoa, on the Company's website (www.erg.eu) in the section "Governance/Remuneration Reports", at Borsa Italiana S.p.A. and on the authorised storage platform Nis-Storage (www.emarketstorage.com).

Officer's remuneration, on an annual basis, is equal to 60% of his total target remuneration. The variable component of the Chief Executive Officer's remuneration, on a three-year basis, considering its annualised amount, has a weight equal to 40% of his total target remuneration.

The fixed component of remuneration is sufficient to remunerate the services of the Chief Executive Officer in cases where the variable component is not paid owing to failure to achieve the objectives.



#### 3.1.3 Pay for Performance

In the last few years, the ERG Group has been able to radically modify its business portfolio anticipating long-term energy scenarios and achieving a position of leadership, in renewables, not only on the Italian market, but also on the European market. During the last year, in fact, the company completed its transformation from industrial operator active in the refining sector, to leading independent producer of electricity predominantly from renewable resources. Thanks to the implementation of significant strategic operations, two essential results were obtained:

- technological diversification, through the acquisition of the Terni hydroelectric hub (527 MW);
- geographical diversification in wind energy both through organic growth in Poland (82 MW) and through important acquisitions in France (187 MW) and Germany (82 MW).

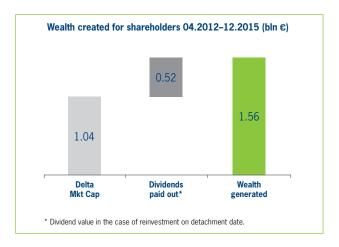
<sup>9</sup> This refers to the target value of the bonus.

It should be mentioned that the transformation process, which began in 2008 with the sale of 49% of the ISAB refinery in Sicily, and the Group's progressive repositioning in more profitable activities with less exposure to the volatility of scenarios, gave rise to a notable creation of value for the Company and for Shareholders and was possible due only to the fulfilment of the following extraordinary operations:

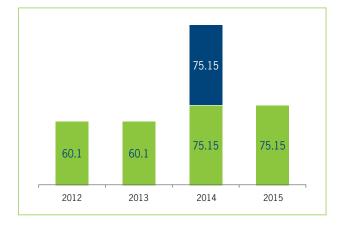
- Progressive exit from refining: this commenced in 2008 and was completed in 2013, with the sale of the remaining 20% stake.
- Acquisition of IP Maestrale Investments: in February 2013, ERG Renew acquired an 80% equity interest in IP Maestrale Investments Ltd, thereby increasing its installed power by 636 MW, of which 550 MW in Italy and 86 MW in Germany, and, consequently, becoming the leading wind power operator in Italy and among the top ten in Europe. ERG Renew thus reached a suitable industrial size and financial level to autonomously pursue its growth process.
- Sale of the ISAB Energy IGCC plant: in June 2014, ERG sold to ISAB (LUKOIL) the ISAB Energy and ISAB Energy Services business units, mainly comprising the IGCC generation plant. The operation, in line with the definitive exit from refining, is an additional fundamental step forward in the strategy to reposition the asset portfolio, at the same time strengthening the Group's capital structure to support future development plans.
- Acquisition of E.ON Produzione's entire hydroelectric business: in November 2015, ERG entered the hydroelectric sector with notable dimensions through the acquisition of an integrated hub of power plants located in the regions of Umbria, Marche and Lazio, with an overall capacity of 527 MW. This acquisition, of paramount strategic importance for the Group, offered the opportunity to diversify the production sources, by assuming a significant prominence in the Italian renewables panorama and procuring new high quality assets for the ERG Group.

During the period between April 2012 and December 2015, the trend in price of the shares and the dividend distribution policy ensured outstanding value creation for Shareholders, with a TSR (Total shareholders return)

equal to 192% thanks to the growth path undertaken by the group and the extraordinary transactions that made it possible.



During the period 2012-2015, the Company remunerated Shareholders with dividends totalling 345.6 million Euro.



In order to ensure increasing alignment between the interests of Shareholders and Management, in full compliance with the pay for performance principles, the ERG Group also decided to use non-recurring remunerations. More specifically, the Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, in the presence of extraordinary transactions which:

- imply a significant transformation of the Group's longstanding assets
- generate strong value creation for the Company and for Shareholders over the long term.
- entail, for management involved in the transactions,

extraordinary work, on top of the objectives considered in the systemised incentive plans

may pass a resolution for the payment of non-recurring remunerations to the Executive Directors who participated in the transaction.

The amount of said remuneration is in proportion to:

- the economic benefit and strategic weight of the transaction in question;
- the contribution effectively given by each individual Director.

Non-recurring remunerations may provide for deferral mechanisms, for retention purposes, based on which disbursement is conditional upon the continued existence, at the scheduled disbursement dates, of a collaboration relationship with ERG or with one of the Group companies, subject to dismissal/revocation for just cause, in keeping with the provisions set forth by the 2015-2017 LTI System.

#### 3.1.4 Non-monetary benefits

The Shareholders' Meeting may decide, on a proposal from the Shareholders, that all members of the Board of Directors are entitled to receive certain non-monetary benefits (health and life insurance policies) the amount of which is withheld from the fixed annual compensation also approved by the Shareholders' Meeting.

The Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, may resolve to assign benefits such as cars and living accommodation to Executive Directors or Directors holding specific offices, that are not withheld from the fixed annual compensation or remuneration.

#### 3.1.5 Indemnity for early termination or nonrenewal of office

The Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, may resolve to assign<sup>10</sup> in favour of the Chief Executive Officer, as a non-employee of the Company, an indemnity in the event of early termination or non-renewal of his office subject to the following conditions:

 the amount of said indemnity usually and save for exceptional cases, may not exceed the total amount

- of related fixed remuneration paid to the same under the relationship over a period of 24 months;
- the indemnity must be determined in advance along with the overall remuneration;
- the indemnity must not be paid in cases where termination of the relationship is due to the achievement of objectively inadequate results, subject to extraordinary events not attributable to the actions of the CEO;
- the related resolution must be adopted in accordance with the medium/long-term strategy, values and interests of the ERG Group.

#### 3.1.6 Termination indemnity

The Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, may resolve to assign a termination indemnity to the Chief Executive Officer, as a non-employee of the Company, subject to the following conditions<sup>11</sup>:

- the amount of the indemnity, as a rule and save for exceptional cases, may not exceed the sum corresponding to 35% of the related total fixed remuneration paid to the same over his term of office;
- the payment must be determined in advance along with the overall remuneration;
- the indemnity may not be paid in cases where, at the time of termination of office, objectively inadequate results have been achieved;
- the related resolution must be adopted in accordance with the medium/long-term strategy, values and interests of the ERG Group.

### 3.2 Executives with strategic responsibilities 3.2.1 Remuneration

The remuneration paid to Executives with strategic responsibilities shall be suitable for attracting, retaining and motivating highly qualified individuals and is intended to assign a value to their skills, in keeping with the contribution required by their role, as well as to align their interests with the priority objective of creating sustainable value for Shareholders over the medium/long-term.

The remuneration is broken down into two components, a fixed and a variable component; The variable

<sup>10</sup> See paragraph 4.2.2 under the item "Termination of office or discontinuation of the employment relationship"

<sup>11</sup> See paragraph 4.2.2 under the item "Termination indemnity"

remuneration is, in turn, broken down into two components, in the form of a monetary incentive linked to the achievement of specific performance targets, indicated and determined in advance, correlated to the creation of value in the short-term based on the rules of the MBO System and in the medium/long-term according to the principles of the 2015-2017 LTI System.

The following parties are involved in defining the overall remuneration of Executives with strategic responsibilities (as previously indicated in Chapter 2):

 The Chief Executive Officer, jointly with the Executive Deputy Chairman and with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the NRC, determines the remuneration to be assigned to Executives with strategic responsibilities<sup>12</sup>.



 The Board of Directors, based on a proposal from the Director in charge of the Internal Control and Risk Management System and subject to the favourable opinion of the CRC<sup>13</sup> and the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, determines the remuneration of the Chief Audit, Risk and Compliance Officer.



 The Board of Directors, on a proposal from the Chief Executive Officer, jointly with the Executive Deputy Chairman and supported by the CHCO, having consulted the NRC and the Board of Statutory Auditors, determines the remuneration of the Manager Responsible for preparing the Company's financial reports.



#### Fixed component

The amount of the fixed remuneration is measured in proportion to the commitment required of each beneficiary for their respective offices, and is defined (based on the opinion of specialised consulting firms) through market benchmarking with listed companies. The comparison is made considering, within the ambit of the reference stock market, firms that are similar in terms of their type, size and complexity and by comparing individual roles.

#### Short-term variable component

The short-term variable component concerns the achievement of predetermined economic/financial and strategic targets and is governed by the MBO System. The variable component assigned to the Chief Audit, Risk & Compliance Officer is linked to targets not correlated to economic performance indicators and is parameterised on the implementation of the annual audit plan.

The target value bonus is determined taking account of external salary benchmarks.

#### Main characteristics of the MBO System

The MBO System is designed to encourage participants to achieve annual objectives.

The system provides for scheme participants to be assigned performance targets structured as follows:

- one Group target, identical for all participants, with a weight corresponding to 30% of the incentive target amount and measured using the indicator "Consolidated pre-tax IAS result at replacement cost<sup>14</sup>";
- additional individual targets (maximum of 3) associated with the role held, with a weight corresponding to 70% of the incentive target amount and measured according to quantitative indicators

<sup>12</sup> Except as set forth below under the points concerning the Chief Audit Risk and Compliance Officer and the Manager responsible for preparing the Company's financial reports

<sup>13</sup> This being the body set up pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code to monitor the independence, adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the internal audit function

<sup>14</sup> Excluding proceeds (charges) deriving from the investment in TotalErg S.p.A

linked to economic/financial and/or project parameters.

Associated with each target is a weight and a relative share of the overall monetary incentive.

Type Weight		t Definition	Achievement level of performance indicator	Incentive paid	
Company target	30%	Consolidated pre-tax IAS result at replacement cost <sup>14</sup>	= Threshold Indicator  ≥ Outstanding Indicator	50% target value 150% target value	
Individual	700/	Subdivided between: - Economic	= Threshold Indicator	80% target value	
target	70%	- Development - Organizational	≥ Outstanding Indicator	120% target value	

The compensation recognised in the event of going above the outstanding indicator cannot exceed a predetermined cap - namely 150% of the target value for the company target and 120% of the target value for individual targets.

In the case of failure to achieve the threshold indicator, namely 80% of the target value for individual targets and 50% of the target value for the company target, no compensation is paid.

The system provides for the Company to have the right to exercise the clawback clause, namely the option to request the partial or total return of the MBO compensation paid (or to withhold deferred amounts), within 3 years from its accrual, where the incentive is found to have been determined based on data that was subsequently deemed clearly incorrect.

#### Medium/long-term Variable Component

The medium/long-term variable component is structured in such a way as to align the interests of the beneficiaries with pursuit of the priority goal of creating sustainable value for Shareholders over the medium/long-term. The Chief Audit, Risk & Compliance Officer does not participate in the 2015-2017 LTI System.

The target value bonus is determined taking account of external salary benchmarks (relating to the long-term variable component of the salary) and the forecast value creation.

#### 2015-2017 LTI System

The aim of the 2015-2017 LTI System is to encourage maximum alignment, in terms of objectives, between the interests of the related beneficiaries and pursuit of the priority goal of creating sustainable value for Shareholders over a medium/long-term horizon.

The performance targets simultaneously applied for each plan beneficiary are the Economic Value Added – intended as the Group's cumulative  $\Delta EVA$  for the so-called corporate resources and the cumulative  $\Delta EVA$  pertaining to the related Business Unit for the so-called business resources - and the absolute Total Shareholder Return.

- Economic Value Added is a performance target that represents the "residual" economic value after all production factors have been remunerated, including the cost of capital employed. Thus by expressing income net of the cost of capital, the EVA considers the equity and financial components alongside the income component. The ΔEVA represents the improvement with respect to the target, over the reference period, as regards the creation of value. From a methodological point of view, the cumulative ΔEVA is calculated as the sum of ΔEVAs pertaining to the year 2014: (EVA<sub>2015</sub> EVA<sub>2014</sub>) + (EVA<sub>2016</sub> EVA<sub>2014</sub>)
- Total Shareholder Return is a performance target linked to the performance of ERG's share in the reference three-year period and the amount of dividends per share paid during the same period. The opening reference price is the daily average of prices over a six-month period prior to 16 December 2015, the date of presentation of the 2015-2018 Business Plan to the market. The closing reference price is the daily average of prices over a three-month period prior to 15 February 2018 (15 November 2017 15 February 2018).

The performance indices are differentiated based on the role covered by the beneficiary within the ERG Group and in relation to the scenario of the 2015-2018 Business Plan<sup>15</sup> approved and disclosed to the financial community.

<sup>15</sup> For the related reference period.

Туре	Corporate Resource Weight	Business Resource Weight	Achievement level of performance indicator	Incentive paid		
Δ <b>EVA</b>	<b>VA</b> 60% 80%		= Threshold Indicator	50% target value		
2	0070	30%	≥ Outstanding Indicator	130% target value		
TSR	400/	20%	= Threshold Indicator	50% target value		
ISK	40%	20%	≥ Outstanding Indicator	150% target value		

The incentive strategy, namely the algorithm that links the EVA and TSR Performance to the bonus accrued, is as follows:

- below the Threshold indicator, the bonus accrued is null;
- equivalent to the Threshold Indicator, the bonus accrued is equal to 50% of the Target Bonus (Threshold Bonus);
- equivalent to the Target Indicator, the bonus accrued is equal to the Target Bonus;
- for performance scenarios included between the Threshold and Target, the bonus accrued varies linearly;
- equivalent to the Outstanding Indicator, the bonus accrued is equal to 130% of the Target Bonus (Outstanding Bonus) for the component linked to EVA, while it is equal to 150% of the Target Bonus for the component linked to TSR;
- for performance scenarios included between Target and Outstanding Indicators, the bonus accrued varies linearly;

For each individual objective, the compensation recognised, in the event of going above the outstanding indicator, will not exceed a predetermined cap.

For each individual objective, in the case of failure to achieve the related threshold indicator, no compensation is recognised.

The entire compensation, where accrued, will be fully paid at the end of the 2015-2017 LTI System.



The System also envisages the following:

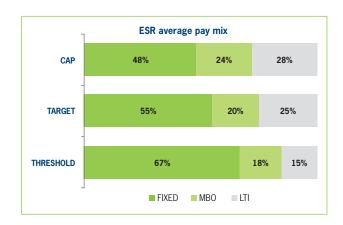
 clawback clause, namely the Company has the right to exercise the option to request the partial or total return of the LTI compensation paid (or to withhold deferred amounts), within 3 years of its accrual, where the incentive is found to have been determined based on data that was subsequently deemed clearly incorrect;

 clauses that govern the consequences of termination of employment while the LTI System is in force<sup>16</sup>.

#### 3.2.2 Balancing remuneration

The balancing of fixed and variable remuneration components aims to align the interests of the related beneficiaries with the Company's medium/long-term strategic objectives and the sustainable creation of value for Shareholders in compliance with the ERG Group risk management policy.

The weight of the fixed component of remuneration for each Executive with strategic responsibilities, on an annual basis, corresponds on average to 55% of his overall target remuneration. The weight of the annual variable component (MBO) of remuneration corresponds on average to  $20\%^{17}$  of the related total target remuneration, while the medium/long-term variable component (LTI), considering its annualised amount, has an average weight of  $25\%^{18}$  of the related total target remuneration.



The fixed component is sufficient to remunerate the services of the Executive with strategic responsibilities in cases where the variable component is not paid owing to failure to achieve the performance targets.

<sup>16</sup> Details are provided in the information document available to the public at the Company's registered office in Via De Marini 1, Genoa, on the Company's website (www.erg.eu) in the section "Governance/Remuneration Reports", at Borsa Italiana S.p.A. and on the authorised storage platform Nis-Storage (www.emarketstorage.com).

<sup>17</sup> This refers to the target value of the bonus.

<sup>18</sup> This refers to the target value of the bonus.

#### 3.2.3 Pay for Performance

In order to ensure an increasing alignment between the interests of Shareholders and Management, in full compliance with the pay for performance principles, the ERG Group has decided to also use non-recurring remuneration. In particular, the Chief Executive Officer, jointly with the Executive Deputy Chairman, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the NRC, in the event of extraordinary transactions that:

- imply a significant transformation of the Group's longstanding assets;
- generate strong value creation for the Company and Shareholders over the long term;
- entail, for management involved in the transactions, extraordinary work, on top of objectives considered in the systematised incentive plans;

may resolve the recognition of non-recurring remuneration to the Executives with strategic responsibilities who participated in the transaction.

The amount of said remuneration is in proportion to:

- the economic benefit and strategic weight of the transaction in question;
- the contribution effectively given by each individual Executive with strategic responsibilities.

The non-recurring remunerations may provide for deferral mechanisms, for retention purposes, based on which disbursement is conditional upon the continued existence, at the scheduled disbursement dates, of a collaboration relationship with ERG or with one of the Group companies, subject to dismissal/revocation for just cause, in keeping with the provisions set forth by the 2015-2017 LTI System.

#### 3.2.4 Non monetary benefits

The Chief Executive Officer, jointly with the Executive Deputy Chairman and with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the NRC, may decide to assign benefits such as insurance policies (health and life insurance), pension benefits, cars and living accommodation to Executives with strategic responsibilities, that are not withheld from remuneration<sup>19</sup>. The Board of Directors, on a proposal from the Director in charge of the Internal Control and Risk Management System, having obtained the favourable

opinion of the CRC and the support of the CHCO, and having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, may decide to assign benefits such as insurance policies (health and life insurance), pension benefits, cars and living accommodation to the Chief Audit, Risk & Compliance Officer, that are not withheld from remuneration.

The Board of Directors, on a proposal from the Chief Executive Officer, jointly with the Executive Deputy Chairman, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the NRC and the Board of Statutory Auditors, may decide to assign benefits such as insurance policies (health and life insurance), pension benefits, cars and living accommodation to the Manager responsible for preparing the Company's financial reports, that are not withheld from remuneration.

## 3.2.5 Resignation from office or termination of the employment relationship

Insofar as concerns Executives with strategic responsibilities, due to their status as employees, in the event that employment is terminated for justified motive or just cause, the terms and conditions of the national collective agreement for industrial managers of companies producing goods and services shall apply. In accordance with the provisions of Italian Law – Article 2120 of the Italian Civil Code – Executives with strategic responsibilities who for whatsoever reason tender their resignation, receive termination indemnity, which on average is equal to 7% of their gross annual remuneration. The payment of Termination indemnity is not subject to the achievement of any minimum performance condition.

#### 3.3 Incentive plans based on financial instruments

The 2015-2017 LTI System (monetary incentive system), with the adoption of the TSR, introduced a performance target linked to the performance of ERG's share, meaning that the same is attracted by the provisions set forth by Art. 114-bis of the Consolidated Finance Act for plans that envisage assignment of financial instruments, insofar as applicable. The calculation of the TSR, presupposes determination of the share's opening price on the reference stock exchange and reference closing price. The reference opening price is the daily average of prices over the six month period prior to 16 December 2015, the date of presentation of the 2015-2018 Business Plan to the market. The reference closing price is the daily average of prices over the three month period prior to 15 February 2018 (15 November 2017 – 15 February 2018).

<sup>19</sup> Subject to the provisions set forth below concerning the Chief Audit Risk and Compliance Officer and the Manager responsible for preparing the Company's financial reports

## SECTION II: 2015 Fees and Remuneration

#### 4. Implementation of the 2015 Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy enacted by the Company during the year 2015, with particular regard to the Members of the Board of Directors and Executives with strategic responsibilities, was consistent with the 2015 Remuneration Policy, approved by the Board of Directors on 11 March 2015, which received the favourable vote of the Shareholders' Meeting held on 24 April 2015<sup>20</sup>.

The remunerations paid during the year 2015 are reported separately below.

### 4.1 Board of Directors in office until 24 April 2015 4.1.1 Fees

The Shareholders' Meeting of 15 April 2014, on a proposal from the Shareholder Polcevera S.A. pursuant to Article 126-bis of the CFA, resolved to assign a **fixed annual compensation** of  $\in$  60,000, *pro rata temporis*, in favour of all members of the Board of Directors.

The Shareholders' Meeting of 15 April 2014, on a proposal from the Shareholder Polcevera S.A. pursuant to Article 126-bis of the CFA, also resolved to assign an additional **fixed annual compensation**, *pro rata temporis*, in favour of the independent directors called upon to sit on the NRC ( $\leqslant$  30,000) or the CRC ( $\leqslant$  45,000).

The above proposals, according to the statements made by the Shareholder Polcevera S.A., were formulated in keeping with the professional commitment required of the offices, as well as the related responsibilities.

#### 4.1.2 Remuneration

#### Fixed component

On 10 May 2012 the Board of Directors, on a proposal from the NRC, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, passed a resolution setting the Chief Executive Officer's fixed remuneration, for each year of his term in office, in the amount of  $\in 1,140,000$ , pro rata temporis.

On 14 May 2014 the Board of Directors, again on a proposal from the NRC, with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, resolved to assign, *pro rata temporis*, fixed annual remunerations for the Chairman, in the amount of  $\in$  1,000,000, the Executive Deputy Chairman, in the amount of  $\in$  890,000, the Deputy Chairman, in the amount of  $\in$  300,000, the Director in charge of the Internal Control and Risk Management System, in the amount of  $\in$  250,000, as well as for the non-executive Director not employed by the Group, called upon to sit on the Strategic Committee, in the amount of  $\in$  100,000.

#### Qualification of Remuneration

The target amount of the above remunerations was established in proportion to the commitment required of each party for their respective aforesaid offices, and was defined (based on the Taxis survey) through a benchmark linking to roles of executive directors of industrial companies listed on the Italian market, excluding those in the microcap, smallcap and former bluechip segments. The sample in question did not include companies in the bancassurance sector or star companies whose size is not comparable to that of the Company.

#### Non-monetary benefits

For the Directors who chose to take advantage of the option to receive certain non-monetary benefits (such as health and life insurance policies), the amount of the benefits in question was deducted from the annual remuneration approved by the Shareholders' Meeting on 15 April 2014.

As regards the Executive Directors or Directors appointed to specific offices who made use of certain benefits such as a car and living accommodation, the amount of such benefits was not deducted from the fixed component.

#### Indemnity for early termination or non renewal of office

There were no indemnities paid in connection with termination of office or discontinuation of employment relationships.

#### **Termination indemnity**

On 12 May 2015, the Board of Directors approved the payment of an termination indemnity matured and

<sup>20</sup> In this connection, with reference to the Directors in office until 24 April 2015, it should be mentioned that the fees, remuneration and salaries paid by the Company are in keeping with the 2014 Remuneration Policy, approved by the Board of Directors on 18 December 2012, which received the favourable vote of the Shareholders' Meeting held on 15 April 2014.

accrued in the years 2012, 2013 and 2014 in favour of the Chief Executive Officer. The amount paid was  $\in$  1,260,000.

### 4.2 Board of Directors in office since 24 April 20154.2.1 Remuneration

The Shareholders' Meeting of 24 April 2015, on a proposal from Polcevera SA pursuant to Art. 126-bis of the Consolidated Finance Act, approved the allocation of a **Fixed annual remuneration**, *pro rata temporis*<sup>21</sup>, in the amount of  $\in$  60,000 in favour of all members of the Board of Directors.

The Shareholders' Meeting of 24 April 2015, on a proposal from Polcevera SA pursuant to art. 126-bis of the Consolidated Finance Act, also approved the allocation of an additional **Fixed annual remuneration**, pro rata temporis<sup>21</sup>, in favour of the independent directors called upon to sit on the NRC ( $\leqslant$  30,000) or the CRC ( $\leqslant$  45,000).

These proposals, according to the statement made by the Shareholder Polcevera S.A., were formulated in keeping with the professional commitment required of the offices, as well as the related responsibilities.

#### 4.2.2 Remuneration

#### Fixed component

On 12 May 2015 the Board of Directors, upon a proposal from the NRC, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, approved the allocation of a fixed remuneration to the Chief Executive Officer, for each year of his term of office, *pro rata temporis*, in the amount of  $\in$  1,440,000.

On 12 May 2015 the Board of Directors, again on a proposal from the NRC, with the support of CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, approved the allocation, pro rata temporis, of a fixed annual remuneration for the Chairman, in the amount of  $\in 1,000,000$ , the Executive Deputy Chairman and the Director in charge of the Internal Control and Risk Management System, in the amount of  $\in 890,000$ , for the Deputy Chairman, in the amount of  $\in 890,000$  and for the Directors not employed by the Group and who do not hold offices on the Board of Directors, called upon

to sit on the Strategic Committee, in the amount of  $\in$  100,000.

#### Variable component

On 12 May 2015 the Board of Directors, on a proposal from the NRC, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, approved the allocation of a variable monetary remuneration linked to value creation in the medium/long-term, determined according to the rules laid down by the 2015-2017 LTI system, in favour of the Chief Executive Officer, for the annualised target amount of  $\leqslant$  975,000.

The Chairman and the Executive Deputy Chairman - although holders of executive powers - were not included among the LTI System participants since the interests of the latter are intrinsically aligned with the priority objective of creating value for all Shareholders.

#### Quantification of Remuneration

The amount of the above target remunerations was established in proportion to the commitment required of each beneficiary for their related aforesaid offices and was defined, using the services of The European House - Ambrosetti, through a benchmark based on a sample of Italian companies, compatible in terms of market capitalization, whose shareholder structure is comparable to ERG and where the Chief Executive Officer does not normally coincide with the main shareholder.

#### Non-recurring remuneration

The Board of Directors' Meeting held on 14 October 2015, on a proposal from the NRC<sup>22</sup>, with the support of the CHCO and having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, considering the acquisition in December 2015 of E.ON's entire hydroelectric business – a transaction of great strategic importance for the Group which offered an opportunity to diversify the production sources, by assuming a significant prominence in the Italian renewables panorama and procuring new high quality assets for the ERG Group - recognised a non-recurring remuneration in favour of the Executive Deputy Chairman in the amount of  $\in$  1,495,000 and for the Chief Executive Officer in the amount of  $\in$  4,500,000,

<sup>21</sup> Valid until the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened for approval of the Financial Statements at 31 December 2015

<sup>22</sup> Also taking into account the Procedure for Related Party transactions.

of which € 2,250,000 was deferred to the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the Financial Statements for the period ending 31 December 2017, on the condition that he is still with the Company on such date subject to revocation for just cause in accordance with the provisions laid down by the 2015-2017 LTI System.

The size of such non-recurring remuneration was determined in proportion to the economic benefit and strategic importance of the transaction in question, together with the contribution effectively given by each Director.

#### Non-monetary benefits

For the Directors who chose to take advantage of the option to receive certain non-monetary benefits (such as health and life insurance policies), the amount of the benefits in question was deducted from the annual remuneration approved by the Shareholders' Meeting on 24 April 2015.

As regards the Executive Directors or Directors appointed to specific offices who made use of certain benefits such as a car and living accommodation, the amount of such benefits was not deducted from the fixed component.

#### Indemnity for early termination or non-renewal of office

The Board of Directors' Meeting held on 12 May 2015, on a proposal from the NRC<sup>20</sup> and having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, recognised for the Chief Executive Officer the right to receive compensation for termination of office in the amount of  $\in$  2,750,000.00, payable in the event of resignation for just cause or revocation without just cause, as well as in certain cases of supervening impossibility of performance, non-renewal or modification of mandate, also due to changes in ownership. The said indemnity will not be paid whenever the termination, revocation or non-renewal are due to just cause.

The indemnity for termination of office is not paid if the termination is due to the attainment of results less than 1/3 of the target set in the 2015-2017 LTI plan, subject to the occurrence of extraordinary events that are not attributable to the actions of the Chief Executive Officer. We report that there are no further agreements in favour of Executive Directors providing for compensation in the

case of termination of office or discontinuation of employment relationships.

#### Termination indemnity

On 12 May 2015 the Board of Directors, on a proposal from the NRC<sup>23</sup>, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, recognised for the Chief Executive Officer the right to receive an termination indemnity which will mature in keeping with the duration of his office, to be accrued annually in the amount of  $\leqslant$  525,000.00 per year. This indemnity will not be payable in the case that, at the time of termination of the mandate, the results achieved are less than 1/10 of the targets set by the 2015-2017 LTI plan.

## **4.3 Executives with strategic responsibilities** Fixed component

The fixed remuneration of Executives with strategic responsibilities was defined by the Chief Executive Officer together with the Executive Deputy Chairman and with the support of the CHCO, in observance of the 2015 Policy, on the basis of market compensation surveys provided by specialised companies.

The fixed (and variable) remuneration for the Chief Audit, Risk & Compliance Officer was determined by the Board of Directors on 12 May 2015, on a proposal from the Director in charge of the internal control and risk management system, subject to the favourable opinion of the CRC and the support of the CHCO, having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors.

The objectives pertaining to the variable component allocated to the Chief Audit, Risk & Compliance Officer are not tied to economic performance indicators.

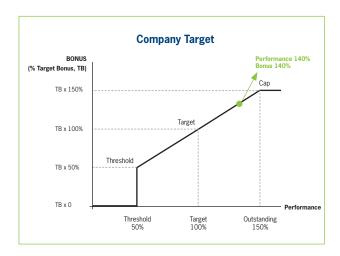
#### Variable component

The variable component of the compensation for Executives with strategic responsibilities, divided between short-term incentive (MBO) and medium/long-term incentive (2015-2017 LTI)<sup>24</sup>, was defined by the Chief Executive Officer together with the Executive Deputy Chairman and with the support of the CHCO, having consulted the NRC, in observance of the 2015 Policy.

<sup>23</sup> Also taking into account the Procedure for Related Party transactions.

<sup>24</sup> The Chief Audit, Risk & Compliance Officer does not participate in the LTI system. His remuneration package is guided inter alia by the performance of the annual audit plan.

The final balance as regards the Company's 2015 MBO system target is shown in the following table.



Туре	Definition	Final total incentive
Company target	Consolidated IAS pre-tax result at adjusted replacement cost	140%

#### **Ouantification of Remuneration**

The size of the aforesaid target remunerations was established in proportion to the commitment required of each party for their respective aforesaid offices, and was defined (using the Hay Executive Italy survey) through a benchmark based on a market that includes the top management and their first reports of listed and / or independent companies operating on the Italian market. The panel is composed of 245 companies on a sample examined of 1,400 top executives.

#### Non-recurring remuneration

The Chief Executive Officer, having consulted the NRC<sup>25</sup>, with the support of the CHCO, considering the acquisition in December 2015 of E.ON's entire hydroelectric business – a transaction of great strategic importance for the Group which offered an opportunity to diversify the production sources, by assuming a significant prominence in the Italian renewables panorama and procuring high quality new assets for the ERG Group - recognised a non-recurring remuneration totalling  $\leqslant 1,378,000$  in favour of Executives with strategic responsibilities who have made significant

contributions to the success of the transaction. Disbursement of half of the sums approved, in the amount of €689,000, will be deferred until the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the Financial Statements at 31 December 2017, on the condition that the related beneficiary is still with the Company on such date subject to revocation for just cause in accordance with the provisions laid down by the 2015-2017 LTI System.

The size of such non-recurring remuneration was determined in proportion to the economic benefit and strategic importance of the transaction in question, together with the contribution effectively given by each of the parties concerned.

#### Non-monetary benefits

During the course of 2015, the Executives with strategic responsibilities received some non-monetary benefits including, without limitation, insurance policies (health and life), social security benefits, car and accommodation.

### Termination of office or discontinuation of the employment relationship

There were no indemnities paid in connection with termination of office or discontinuation of employment relationships.

#### 4.4 Incentive plans based on financial instruments

We report that, in keeping with the 2015 Policy, no incentive plans based on financial instruments were adopted. The 2015-2017 LTI System (monetary incentive system) provides for a performance indicator linked to the performance of ERG's share during the reference three-year period and the amount of dividends per share paid in the same period (TSR), meaning that the same is attracted by the provisions set forth by Art. 114-bis of the Consolidated Finance Act for plans that envisage assignment of financial instruments, insofar as applicable.

#### 4.5 Board of Statutory Auditors

The Shareholders' Meeting of 23 April 2013, on a proposal from San Quirico SpA, passed a resolution to assign an annual compensation, valid until the Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the financial statements at 31 December 2015, in the amounts of  $\in$  60,000 for the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors and  $\in$  40,000 for each for the other two standing auditors.

<sup>25</sup> Also taking into account the Procedure for Related Party transactions.

#### 5. Compensation paid in 2015

The following tables set out details of the remuneration paid during the year in question, for whatsoever reason and in any form, by the Company and by subsidiary and associated companies.

Table 1. Fees paid to administrative body members, general managers and other Executives with strategic responsibilities

(A) Name and Surname	(B) Office	(C) Period during which the office was	(D) Termination of office	(1) Fixed fees	(2) Fees for participa to committ	ating	(Variable nor	3) n-equity	fees	(4) Non monetary benefits	(5) Other fees	(6) Total	(7) Fair Value of equity fees	(8) Severance indemnities or end of office or termination
		held					nuses and er incentives	Prof s shari						of employment
Edoardo Garrone	Chairman	01.01.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018											
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				1,048,479 - 1,048,479	- - -		-		- -	11,521 - 11,521	- - -	1,060,000 - 1,060,000	- - -	-
Alessandro	Executive eputy Chairman	01.01.2015 n 31.12.2015	04.2018	,,,,,,								,,,,,,,,		
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs (III) Total	any preparing t	ne financial statem		938,909 200,000 1,138,909	(2) –		,495,000 (1 ,495,000	1)	- - -	14,683 - 14,683	- -	2,448,593 200,000 2,648,593	- - -	- - -
Giovanni Mondini	Deputy Chairman	01.01.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018											
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				349,987 - 349,987	- - -		- - -		- - -	13,866 - 13,866	- - -	363,853 - 363,853	- - -	- - -
Luca ( Bettonte	Chief Executive Officer	01.01.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018											
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				1.375,029 15,000 1,390,029	(5)		,400,000 - ,400,000	3)	- - -	29,058 - 29,058	- - -	5,804,087 15,000 5,819,087	- - -	490,000 <sup>(4)</sup> - 490,000
Massimo Belcredi	Director	01.01.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018											
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				56,119 - 56,119	55,000 - 55,000	(6)	- - -		- - -	3,881 - 3,881	- - -	115,000 - 115,000	- - -	- - -
Pasquale Cardarelli	Director	01.01.2015 24.04.2015	24.04.2015											
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				20,000 - 20,000	10,000 - 10,000	(7)	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	30,000 - 30,000	- - -	- - -
Alessandro Careri <sup>(8)</sup>	Director	01.01.2015 24.04.2015	24.04.2015											
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				20,000 - 20,000	33,333 - 33,333	(9)	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	53,333 - 53,333	- - -	- - -
Maria Anna Rita Caverni	Director	24.04.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018	20,000	00,000							30,000		
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs				40,000	50,000	(10)	- -		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	- -	90,000	- -	- -
Alessandro Chieffi	Director	24.04.2015- 31.12.2015	04.2018	40,000	50,000				_		-	90,000	-	
(I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs		ne financial statem		40,000	- -		- -		_	- -	- -	40,000	- -	- -
(III) Total  Barbara Cominelli	Director	24.04.2015-	04.2018	40,000	-		-		_	_	-	40,000		
Cominelli (I) Fees in the comp (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				40,000 - 40,000	30,000 - 30,000	(11)	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	70,000 - 70,000	- - -	- - -

(A) Name and Surname	(B) Office	(C) Period during which the office was	(D) Termination of office	(1) Fixed fees	(2) Fees for participa to committe		(3) Variable non-e		(4) Non monetary benefits	(5) Other fees	(6) Total	(7) Fair Value of equity fees	(8) Severance indemnities for end of office or termination
		held					Bonuses and her incentives	Profit sharing					of employment
Marco Costaguta	Director	01.01.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				60,000 - 60,000	100,000 - 100,000	(12)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	160,000 - 160,000	- - -	- - -
Luigi Ferraris	Director	24.04.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				40,000 - 40,000	66,667 - 66,667	(13)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	106,667 - 106,667	- - -	- - -
Antonio Guastoni	Director	01.01.2015 24.04.2015	24.04.2015										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				20,000 - 20,000	15,000 - 15,000	(14)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	35,000 - 35,000	- - -	- - -
Paolo Francesco Lanzoni	o Director	01.01.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				53,485 - 53,485	53,333 37,500 90,833	(15) (16)	- - -	- - -	6,515 - 6,515	- - -	113,333 37,500 150,833	- - -	- - -
Graziella Merello	Director	01.01.2015 24.04.2015	24.04.2015										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				96,950 - 96,950	- - -		- - -	- - -	6,383 - 6,383	- - -	103,333 - 103,333	- - -	- - -
Silvia Merlo	Director	24.04.2015 31.12.2015	04.2018										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				40,000 - 40,000	20,000 - 20,000	(17)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	60,000 - 60,000	- - -	- - -
Umberto Quadrino	Director	01.01.2015 24.04.2015	24.04.2015										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				20,000 - 20,000	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	20,000 - 20,000	- - -	- - -
		e 01.01.2015 ry 31.12.2015	05.2016										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total	any preparing the			60,000 7,500 67,500	(18) – —		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	60,000 7,500 67,500	- - -	- - -
Lelio Fornabaio	Standing auditor	01.01.2015 31.12.2015	05.2016										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				40,000 78,000 118,000	— (19) — —		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	40,000 78,000 118,000	- - -	- - -
Elisabetta Barisone	Standing auditor	01.01.2015 31.12.2015	05.2016										
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Fees from subs (III) Total				40,000 14,000 54,000	(20)		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	40,000 14,000 54,000	- - -	- - -
Executive with Strategic responsibilities	Directors in subsidia and divisio												
(I) Fees in the compa (II) Compensi da c (III) Totale			ts (ERG S.p.A.)	642,857 300,000 942,857	- - -		1,648,000 (22) 100,000 1,748,000	- - -	21,383 6,913 28,296	- - -	2,312,240 406,913 2,719,153	- - -	- - -

#### Notes Table 1

- (1) Non-recurring remuneration recognised in 2015 under a resolution of the Board of Directors, on a proposal from the Nominations and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Statutory Auditors, following the acquisition of E.ON's entire hydroelectric business
- (2) Remuneration for the office of Chairman of ERG Renew S.p.A.
- (3) Non-recurring remuneration (of which EUR 2,250,000 deferred, by way of retention, until the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the annual financial statements at 31 December 2017, unless revoked for just cause in accordance with the provisions of the 2015-2017 LTI System) recognised in 2015 under a resolution of the Board of Directors, on a proposal from the Nominations and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Statutory Auditors, following the acquisition of E.ON's entire hydroelectric business
- (4) Includes pro rata (4/12) the amount of termination indemnity accrued and set aside up to 30 April 2015, fully paid in May 2015, and pro rata (8/12) the new termination indemnity which will accrue according to the duration of the office and may not be paid if, upon termination of the mandate, the results achieved are less than 1/10 of the targets set by the 2015-2017 LTI plan
- (5) Fee for the office of Director in ERG Renew S.p.A.
- (6) Fee for the office of Chairman of the Risks and Control Committee and pro quota for the office of Member of the Nominations and Remuneration Committee
- (7) Fee pro rata for the office of Member of the Nominations and Remuneration Committee
- (8) We report that, until 24 April 2015, the company I.E.C. S.r.I., of which Alessandro Careri is sole director, was paid a consulting fee in the amount of Euro 73,000 plus reimbursement of expenses
- (9) Fee pro rata for the office of Strategic Committee Member
- (10) Fee pro rata for the office of Control and Risk Committee Member and for the office of Nominations and Remuneration Committee Member
- (11) Fee pro rata for the office of Control and Risk Committee Member
- (12) Fee for the office of Strategic Committee Member
- (13) Fee pro rata for the office of Strategic Committee Member
- (14) Fee pro rata for the office of Control and Risk Committee Member
- (15) Fees for the office of Chairman of the Nominations and Remuneration Committee and fee pro rata for the office of Control and Risk Committee Member and pro rata for the office of Supervisory Committee Chairman
- (16) Fees for the office of Supervisory Committee Chairman in ERG Renew S.p.A., ERG Power Generation S.p.A., ERG Supply & Trading S.p.A. (terminated on 30/06/2015) and ERG Services S.p.A..
- (17) Fee pro rata for the office of Nominations and Remuneration Committee Member
- (18) Fees for the office of Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors in ERG Power S.r.l.
- (19) Fees for the office of Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors in ERG Renew S.p.A., TotalErg S.p.A., ERG Power Generation S.p.A. and ERG Services S.p.A.
- (20) Fees for the office of Statutory Auditor in ERG Services S.p.A. and for the office of Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors in ERG Supply & Trading S.p.A. (terminated on 30/06/2015)
- (21) Includes 4 (four) Strategic Managers
- (22) Includes non-recurring remuneration of EUR 1,378,000 (of which EUR 689,000 deferred, by way of retention, until the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements at 31 December 2017, except in the case of dismissal for just cause in accordance with the provisions laid down by the 2015-2017 LTI System) recognised in 2015 by the Chief Executive Officer, having obtained the opinion of the Nominations and Remuneration Committee and having consulted the Board of Statutory Auditors, following the acquisition of E.ON's entire hydroelectric business

#### 6. Monetary incentive plans

Table 3B: Monetary incentive plans in favour of administrative body members, general managers and other Executives with strategic responsibilities

Α	A B (1)			(2) onus for the y	ear	Bonus	(3) from previou	(4) Other Bonuses	
Name and surname	Office	Plan	(A) Payable/ Paid	(B) Deferred	(C) Deferral period	(A) No longer payable	(B) Payable/ Paid	(C) Still deferred	ı
(I) Fees in the company prepar	ing the financial statements								
Alessandro Garrone	Executive Deputy Chairman		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,495,000 (1)
Luca Bettonte	Chief Executive Officer	2015 - 2017 LTI System (BoD resolution of 15/12/2015)	-	975,000	Year 2015-2017 <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	-	4,400,000 (3)
Executives with strategic responsibilities	Directors in subsidiaries and division heads	2015 - 2017 LTI System (BoD resolution of 15/12/2015)	-	270,000	Year 2015-2017 <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	-	-
Executives with strategic responsibilities	Directors in subsidiaries and division heads	MBO System	270,000	-	Year 2015 <sup>(4)</sup>	-	-	-	1,378,000 (1)
(I) TOTAL			270,000	1,245,000		-	-	-	7,273,000
(II) Fees from subsidiaries and	associated companies								
Executives with strategic responsibilities	Directors in subsidiaries and division heads	2015 - 2017 LTI System (BoD resolution of 15/12/2015)	-	150,000	Year 2015-2017 <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	-	-
Executives with strategic responsibilities	Directors in subsidiaries and division heads	MBO System	100,000	-	Year 2015 <sup>(4)</sup>	-	-	-	-
(II) TOTAL			100,000	150,000		-	-	-	_

#### Notes Table 3B

- (1) Non-recurring remuneration recognised in 2015 under a resolution of the Board of Directors, on a proposal from the Nominations and Remuneration Committee and having obtained the favourable opinion of the Board of Statutory Auditors, following the acquisition of E.ON's entire hydroelectric business
- (2) Variable component of 2015 remuneration pertaining to the 2015-2017 LTI system, payment of which will be made, subject to achievement of performance targets, in May 2018
- (3) Non-recurring remuneration (of which EUR 2,250,000 deferred, by way of retention, until the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the annual financial statements at 31 December 2017, unless revoked for just cause in accordance with the provisions of the 2015-2017 LTI System) recognised in 2015 under a resolution of the Board of Directors, on a proposal from the Nominations and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Statutory Auditors, following the acquisition of E.ON's entire hydroelectric business
- (4) Variable component of 2015 remuneration pertaining to the MBO System, payment of which will be made in May 2016
- (5) Non-recurring remuneration (of which EUR 689,000 deferred, by way of retention, until the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements at 31 December 2017, except in the case of dismissal for just cause in accordance with the provisions laid down by the 2015-2017 LTI System) recognised in 2015 by the Chief Executive Officer, having obtained the opinion of the Nominations and Remuneration Committee, following the acquisition of E.ON's entire hydroelectric business

#### 7. Equity investments held in 2015

Table 7-ter: Table relating to the information on equity investments of administrative and control body members, General Managers and other Executives with strategic responsibilities

Name and Surname	Office	Investee company	Number of shares held at the end of the previous year	Number of shares sold	Number of shares held at the end of the current year	Number of shares held at the end of the current year
Alessandro Garrone(1)	Executive Deputy Chairman	ERG S.p.A.	2,000	-	-	2.000
Executive with strategic responsibilities(1)	-	ERG S.p.A.	1,400	-	-	1.400

<sup>(1)</sup> Direct Shareholders - possession title; ownership

#### 8. Annex pursuant to Art. 84-bis of Consob Issuers' Regulations

#### Implementation in 2015 of the 2015-2017 Long-term Incentive (LTI) Plan

With reference to the 2015–2017 LTI System approved by the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting on 24 April 2015, subject to the conditions and illustrative purposes contained in the Information Document, available to the public on the Company's website (www.erg.eu), set out in the following table, pursuant to Art. 84-bis (Annex 3, Schedule 7) of the Consob Issuers' Regulations, are details of the plan allocation.

TABLE 1
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS OTHER THAN STOCK OPTIONS
SECTION 2
Newly assigned instruments based on the decision of the body responsible for implementation of the shareholders' resolution

Full name or Category	Office	Date of the shareholders' resolution	Type of financial instruments	Amount allocated	Date of allocation	Potential purchase price of securities	Market price at transfer	Vesting period
Luca Bettonte	Chief Executive Officer	24/04/2015	Cash	2,925,000	15/12/2015	n.a.	n.a.	3 years
Massimo Derchi	Managing Director ERG Renew	24/04/2015	Cash	450,000	15/12/2015	n.a.	n.a.	3 years
Pietro Tittoni	Managing Director ERG Power Generation	24/04/2015	Cash	450,000	15/12/2015	n.a.	n.a.	3 years
Paolo Luigi Merli	Chief Financial Officer	24/04/2015	Cash	360,000	15/12/2015	n.a.	n.a.	3 years
Others Executives	3 Executives	24/04/2015	Cash	789,000	15/12/2015	n.a.	n.a.	3 years

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